Patient name:		Date:					
	GPCOG Screening Te	<u>st</u>					
Step 1: Patient Examination  Unless specified, each question should only be asked once							
	Onless specified, each question should only be asi	Neu Once					
<u>Nar</u>	Name and Address for subsequent recall test						
1.	1. "I am going to give you a name and address. After I have said it, I want you to repeat it. Remember this name and address because I am going to ask you to tell it to me again in a few minutes: John Brown, 42 West Street, Kensington." (Allow a maximum of 4 attempts).						
<u>Tim</u>	ne Orientation	Correct	Incorrect				
2.	What is the date? (exact only)						
Clo	Clock Drawing – use blank page						
3.	Please mark in all the numbers to indicate the hours of a clock (correct spacing required)						
4.	Please mark in hands to show 10 minutes past eleven o'clock (11.10)						
<u>Information</u>							
5.	Can you tell me something that happened in the news recent (Recently = in the last week. If a general answer is given, eg "war", "lot of rain", ask for details. Only specific answer sco						
Rac	الدم						

## <u>Recall</u>

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John Brown 42 West (St) Kensington

(To get a total score, add the number of items answered correctly **Total correct** (score out of 9)

/9

If patient scores 9, no significant cognitive impairment and further testing not necessary. If patient scores 5-8, more information required. Proceed with Step 2, informant section. If patient scores 0-4, cognitive impairment is indicated. Conduct standard investigations.

## **Informant Interview**

		Date:								
Informant's name:										
ın	formant's relationship to patient, i.e. informant is the pati	ient's:								
	These six questions ask how the patient is comparately was well, say 5 – 10 years ago	red to v	vhen	s/he						
	Compared to a few years ago:									
		Yes	No	Don't Know	N/A					
•	Does the patient have more trouble remembering things that have happened recently than s/he used to?									
•	Does he or she have more trouble recalling conversations a few days later?									
•	When speaking, does the patient have more difficulty in finding the right word or tend to use the wrong words more often?									
•	Is the patient less able to manage money and financial affairs (e.g. paying bills, budgeting)?									
•	Is the patient less able to manage his or her medication independently?									
•	Does the patient need more assistance with transport (either private or public)? (If the patient has difficulties due only to physical problems, e.g bad leg,	tick 'no')								
(To get a total score, add the number of items answered 'no', 'don't know' or 'N/A')  Total score (out of 6)										
If patient scores 0-3, cognitive impairment is indicated. Conduct standard investigations.										

Brodaty, H., et al, (2002) The GPCOG: a new screening test for dementia designed for general practice. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 50, 530 - 4